

1. Identification of Substance & Company

Product

Product name	Hydrochloric Acid 24%
Other name	Hydrochloric Acid 24%
HSNO approval	HSR001565
Approval description	Hydrochloric acid, >10-25% aqueous solution
UN number	1789
Proper Shipping Name	HYDROCHLORIC ACID
DG class	8, 6.1
Packaging group	II
Hazchem code	2R
Uses	Surface preparation

Company Details

Company	Poolwise Ltd
Address	93 Ireland Road, Mt Wellington, 1060, Auckland New Zealand
Telephone	09 527 0753
Fax	09 527 4189
Website	www.poolwise.co.nz

Emergency Telephone Number: 0800 764 766

2. Hazard Identification

Approval

This product has been approved under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO, Approval HSR001565, Hydrochloric acid, >10-25% aqueous solution), and is classified as follows:

Classes	Hazard Statements
6.1D (oral)	H302 - Harmful if swallowed.
8.1A	H290 - May be corrosive to metals.
8.2B	H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
8.3A	H318 - Causes serious eye damage.
9.3C	H433 - Harmful to terrestrial vertebrates.

SYMBOLS

DANGER



Other Classifications

There are no other Classifications that are known to apply.

Precautionary Statements

P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
 P102 - Keep out of reach of children.
 P103 - Read label before use.
 P234 - Keep only in original container.
 P260 - Do not breathe vapours.
 P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
 P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
 P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
 P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
 P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
 P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.
 P301+P312 - IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
 P301+P330+P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
 P330 - Rinse mouth.
 P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.



P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.
P390 - Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.
P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P405 - Store locked up.
P406 - Store in a corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner.

3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS/ Identification	Concentration
Hydrochloric acid	7647-01-0	24%
Water	7732-18-5	balance

This is a commercial product whose exact ratio of components may vary. Trace quantities of impurities are also likely.

4. First Aid

General Information

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. You should call the National Poisons Centre if you feel that you may have been poisoned, burned or irritated by this product. The number is 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON) (24 hr emergency service).

Recommended first aid facilities Ready access to running water is required. Accessible eyewash is required.

Exposure

Swallowed IF SWALLOWED: Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. If conscious, give plenty of water to drink. Contact the National Poisons Centre or a Doctor immediately. If vomiting occurs, place victim face downwards, with the head turned to the side and lower than the hips to prevent vomit entering the lungs.

Eye contact IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Apply continuous irrigation with water for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids apart. Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.

Skin contact IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Inhaled IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.

Advice to Doctor

Treat symptomatically. May cause corneal burns.

5. Firefighting Measures

Fire and explosion hazards: There are no specific risks for fire/explosion for this chemical. It is non-flammable.

Suitable extinguishing substances: Carbon dioxide, extinguishing powder, foam, fog sprays.

Unsuitable extinguishing substances: Unknown.

Products of combustion: Carbon dioxide, and if combustion is incomplete, carbon monoxide and smoke. Water. May form toxic mixtures in air and may accumulate in sumps, pits and other low-lying spaces, forming potentially explosive mixtures.

Protective equipment: Self-contained breathing apparatus. Safety boots, non-flammable overalls, gloves, hat and eye protection.

Hazchem code: 2R

6. Accidental Release Measures

Containment If greater than 100L is stored, secondary containment and emergency plans to manage any potential spills must be in place. In all cases design storage to prevent discharge to stormwater.

Emergency procedures In the event of spillage alert the fire brigade to location and give brief description of hazard. Stop the source of the leak, if safe to do so. Wear protective equipment to prevent skin, eye and respiratory exposure. Clear area of any unprotected personnel. Contain using sand, earth or vermiculite. Prevent by whatever means possible any spillage from entering drains, sewers, or water courses. (If this occurs contact your regional council immediately).

Clean-up method	Use absorbent (soil, sand or other inert material). Rags are not recommended for the clean-up of spills, as they may create fire or environmental hazard. Collect and seal in properly labelled containers or drums for disposal. If contamination of crops, sewers or waterways has occurred advise local emergency services.
Disposal	Mop up and collect recoverable material into labelled containers for recycling or salvage. Recycle containers wherever possible. This material may be suitable for approved landfill. Dispose of only in accord with all regulations.
Precautions	Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination and the inhalation of vapours. Work up wind or increase ventilation.

7. Storage & Handling

Storage	Avoid storage of harmful substances with food. Store out of reach of children. Store in original container only. Containers should be kept closed in order to minimise contamination. Keep from extreme heat and open flames. Avoid contact with incompatible substances as listed in Section 10.
Handling	Keep exposure to a minimum, and minimise the quantities kept in work areas. See section 8 with regard to personal protective equipment requirements. Avoid skin and eye contact and inhalation of vapour, fumes, mist or aerosols. If diluting, always add acid to water. Do not add water to concentrated acid.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protective Equipment

Workplace Exposure Standards

A workplace exposure standard (WES) has not been established by WorkSafe NZ for this product. There is a general limit of 10mg/m³ for dusts and mists when limits have not otherwise been established.





NZ Workplace Exposure Stds	Ingredient	WES-TWA	WES-STEL
	hydrochloric acid	Ceiling 5 ppm (7.5 mg/m ³)*	data unavailable

* These workplace exposure standards are also Prescribed Exposure Standards (PES) under the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016.

Engineering Controls

In industrial situations, it is expected that employee exposure to hazardous substances will be controlled to a level as far below the WES as practicable by applying the hierarchy of control required by the Health and Safety at Work Act (2015) and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016. Exposure can be reduced by process modification, use of local exhaust ventilation, capturing substances at the source, or other methods. If you believe air borne concentrations of mists, dusts or vapours are high, you are advised to modify processes or increase ventilation.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eyes		Protect eyes with goggles, safety glasses or full face mask. Avoid wearing contact lenses. Select eye protection in accordance with AS/NZS 1337.
Skin	 	Avoid any skin contact. Wear overalls, rubber boots and impervious gloves. Nitrile, neoprene, PVC, or natural rubber gloves are recommended. PVA gloves are not recommended. Protective gloves or suitably resistant material must comply with AS 2161. Replace frequently. Gloves should be checked for tears or holes before use. Protective clothing must comply with AS 2919, AS3765.1 or AS3765.2. PVC or rubber boots must comply with AS/NZS 2210.2 and selected and maintained in accordance with AS/NS2210.1. Remove protective clothing and wash exposed areas with soap and water prior to eating, drinking or smoking.
Respiratory		A respirator when airborne concentrations approach the WES (section 8). Use an acid gas cartridge with a full face mask. If using a respirator, ensure that the cartridges are correct for the potential air contamination and are in good working order.

WES Additional Information

Not applicable

9. Physical & Chemical Properties

Appearance	clear liquid
Odour	pungent chlorine odour
pH	<1
Vapour pressure	25kPa @25°C
Viscosity	no data
Boiling point	109°C
Volatile materials	No data
Freezing / melting point	-74°C
Solubility	miscible with water
Specific gravity / density	1.18 (water =1)
Flash point	non flammable
Danger of explosion	no data
Auto-ignition temperature	no data
Upper & lower flammable limits	no data
Corrosiveness	corrosive to metals, skin and eyes

10. Stability & Reactivity

Stability	Stable
Conditions to be avoided	Use original container only. Containers should be kept closed in order to avoid contamination. Keep from extreme heat and open flames. Any foodstuffs.
Incompatible groups	Alkalis, oxidising agents, sodium hypochlorite, cyanides, metals.
Substance Specific Incompatibility	As above.
Hazardous decomposition products	Hydrogen chloride gas
Hazardous reactions	Corrosive to many metals with the liberation of hydrogen gas, which is highly flammable and explosive. reactions with alkalis, may heat up if water is added to concentrated acid.

11. Toxicological Information

Summary

IF SWALLOWED: may cause severe abdominal pain, breathing difficulties, chest pains, severe mouth and throat pain, drooling, fever, rapid drop in blood pressure and vomiting of blood.

IF IN EYES: may cause blindness, burns of the eye

IF ON SKIN: may cause blisters, burns, pain.

IF INHALED: may cause tightness of chest, bluish colour to lips, choking, coughing, dizziness, low blood pressure, rapid pulse, shortness of breath, weakness.

Supporting Data

Acute	Oral	Using LD ₅₀ 's for ingredients, the calculated LD ₅₀ (oral, rat) for the mixture is between 300 and 2000 mg/kg. Data considered includes: hydrochloric acid 700mg/kg (rat).
	Dermal	Using LD ₅₀ 's for ingredients, the calculated LD ₅₀ (dermal, rat) for the mixture is >5000 mg/kg. Data considered includes: hydrochloric acid 2000 mg/kg.
	Inhaled	Using LC ₅₀ 's for ingredients, the calculated LC ₅₀ (inhalation, rat) for the mixture is >5,000 ppm. Data considered includes: hydrochloric acid 5mg/L (60mins), 0.4mg/L (mouse).
	Eye	The mixture is considered to be corrosive to the eye. Hydrochloric acid is an eye corrosive.
	Skin	The mixture is considered to be corrosive to the skin. Hydrochloric acid is a skin corrosive.
Chronic	Sensitisation	No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a sensitizer.
	Mutagenicity	No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a mutagen.
	Carcinogenicity	No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a carcinogen.
	Reproductive / Developmental	No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a reproductive or developmental toxicant or have any effects on or via lactation.
	Systemic Aggravation of existing conditions	No ingredient present at concentrations > 1% is considered a target organ toxicant. None known.



12. Ecological Data

Summary

Hydrochloric acid 24% is considered to be harmful towards terrestrial vertebrates. Do not allow mixture to enter drains, sewers or waterways.

Supporting Data

Aquatic	Hydrochloric acid 24% is not classed by EPA as ecotoxic towards aquatic organisms.
Bioaccumulation	Does not bioaccumulate.
Degradability	Rapidly degradable.
Soil	EPA has not classified the mixture as ecotoxic in the soil environment.
Terrestrial vertebrate	EPA have classed this mixture as harmful towards terrestrial vertebrates. Data considered includes: hydrochloric acid 700mg/kg (rat).
Terrestrial invertebrate	No evidence of ecotoxicity towards terrestrial invertebrates.
Biocidal	no data
Environmental effect levels	No EELs are available for this mixture or ingredients

13. Disposal Considerations

Restrictions	There are no product-specific restrictions, however, local council and resource consent conditions may apply, including requirements of trade waste consents.
Disposal method	Disposal of this product must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 and the requirements of the Resource Management Act for which approval should be sought from the Regional Authority. The substance must be treated and therefore rendered non-hazardous before discharge to the environment.
Contaminated packaging	Disposal of contaminated packaging must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 clause 12. Ensure that the package is rendered incapable of containing any substance and is disposed in a manner that is consistent with the requirements of the substance it contained and the material of the package. If possible reuse or recycle packaging.

14. Transport Information

Transport according to NZS 5433 (Transport of Hazardous Substances on Land). Considered a dangerous good for transport.

UN number:	1789	Proper shipping name:	HYDROCHLORIC ACID
Class(es)	8, 6.1	Packing group:	II
Precautions:	CORROSIVE, TOXIC	Hazchem code:	2R

15. Regulatory Information

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO). Approval code: HSR001565, Hydrochloric acid, >10-25% aqueous solution.

Specific Controls

Key workplace requirements are:

SDS	To be available within 10 minutes in workplaces storing any quantity.
Inventory	An inventory of all hazardous substances must be prepared and maintained.
Packaging	All hazardous substances should be appropriately packaged including substances that have been decanted, transferred or manufactured for own use or have been supplied
Labelling	Must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Labelling) Notice 2017.
Emergency plan	Required if > 100L is stored.
Certified handler	Not required.
Tracking	Not required.
Bundling & secondary containment	Required if > 100L is stored.
Signage	Required if > 250L is stored.
Location compliance certificate	250L
Flammable zone	Not required.
Fire extinguisher	Not required.

Note: The above workplace requirements apply if only this particular substance is present. The complete set of controls for a location will depend on the classification and total quantities of other substances present in that location.

Other Legislation

In New Zealand, the use of this product may come under the Resource Management Act and Regulations, the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016, local Council Rules and Regional Council Plans.

16. Other Information

Abbreviations

Approval Code	Approval HSR001565, Hydrochloric acid, >10-25% aqueous solution Controls, EPA. www.epa.govt.nz
CAS Number	Unique Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number
EC₅₀	Ecotoxic Concentration 50% – concentration in water which is fatal to 50% of a test population (e.g. daphnia, fish species)
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency
HAZCHEM Code	Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to emergency services, especially fire fighters
HSNO	Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (Act and Regulations)
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
LEL	Lower Explosive Limit
LD₅₀	Lethal Dose 50% – dose which is fatal to 50% of a test population (usually rats).
LC₅₀	Lethal Concentration 50% – concentration in air which is fatal to 50% of a test population (usually rats)
MSDS (SDS)	Material Safety Data Sheet (or Safety Data Sheet)
STEL	Short Term Exposure Limit - The maximum airborne concentration of a chemical or biological agent to which a worker may be exposed in any 15 minute period, provided the TWA is not exceeded
TWA	Time Weighted Average – generally referred to WES averaged over typical work day (usually 8 hours)
UEL	Upper Explosive Limit
UN Number	United Nations Number
WES	Workplace Exposure Standard - The airborne concentration of a biological or chemical agent to which a worker may be exposed during work hours (usually 8 hours, 5 days a week). The WES relates to exposure that has been measured by personal monitoring using procedures that gather air samples in the worker's breathing zone.

References

Data	Unless otherwise stated comes from the EPA HSNO chemical classification information database (CCID).
Controls	EPA notices, www.epa.govt.nz , Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017, www.legislation.govt.nz
WES	The latest NZ Workplace Exposure Standards, published by WorkSafe NZ and available on their web site – www.worksafe.govt.nz .
Other References:	Suppliers SDS, EU ECHA, ingredients SDS's, ChemIDplus

Review

Date	Reason for review
August 2020	Not applicable – new SDS

Disclaimer

This SDS was prepared by Datachem LTD and is based on our current state of knowledge, including information obtained from suppliers. The SDS is given in good faith and constitutes a guideline (not a guarantee of safety). The level of risk each substance poses is relevant to its properties (as summarised in the SDS) AND HOW THE SUBSTANCE IS USED. While guidelines are given for personal protective equipment, such precautions must be relevant to the use. The likely HSNO classifications for this SDS have been estimated based on general information from the supplier (e.g., hazard, toxicological). This SDS is copyright Datachem and must not be copied, edited or used for other than intended purpose. To contact the SDS author, email info@datachem.co.nz or phone: +64 9 940 30 80.

